

Problem 12

- (a) Show that the function $f(x) = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1})$ is an odd function.
- (b) Find the inverse function of f .
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Solution**Part (a)**

In order to show that the function is odd, it must be shown that $f(-x) = -f(x)$.

$$\begin{aligned} f(-x) &= \ln \left[(-x) + \sqrt{(-x)^2 + 1} \right] \\ &= \ln \left(-x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \right) \\ &= \ln \left[\left(-x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \right) \times \frac{-x - \sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{-x - \sqrt{x^2 + 1}} \right] \\ &= \ln \frac{\left(-x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \right) \left(-x - \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \right)}{-x - \sqrt{x^2 + 1}} \\ &= \ln \frac{(-x)^2 - (x^2 + 1)}{-x - \sqrt{x^2 + 1}} \\ &= \ln \frac{x^2 - x^2 - 1}{-x - \sqrt{x^2 + 1}} \\ &= \ln \frac{-1}{-x - \sqrt{x^2 + 1}} \\ &= \ln \frac{1}{x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}} \\ &= \ln \left(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \right)^{-1} \\ &= -\ln \left(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \right) \\ &= -f(x) \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, the function $f(x) = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1})$ is an odd function.

Part (b)

In order to find the inverse of

$$f(x) = \ln\left(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}\right),$$

replace $f(x)$ with x , and replace x with y .

$$x = \ln\left(y + \sqrt{y^2 + 1}\right)$$

Then solve for y . Start by exponentiating both sides.

$$e^x = e^{\ln(y + \sqrt{y^2 + 1})}$$

$$e^x = y + \sqrt{y^2 + 1}$$

Bring y to the left side.

$$e^x - y = \sqrt{y^2 + 1}$$

Square both sides.

$$(e^x - y)^2 = y^2 + 1$$

Expand the left side.

$$e^{2x} - 2ye^x + y^2 = y^2 + 1$$

Subtract both sides by y^2 .

$$e^{2x} - 2ye^x = 1$$

Bring 1 to the left, and bring $2ye^x$ to the right.

$$e^{2x} - 1 = 2ye^x$$

Divide both sides by $2e^x$.

$$\frac{e^{2x} - 1}{2e^x} = y$$

Therefore, the inverse function is

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{2e^x}.$$